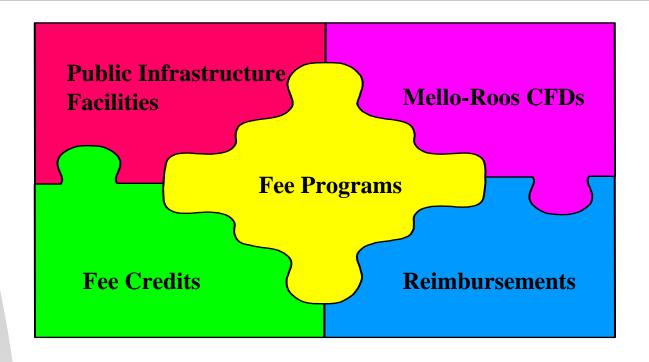
CDIAC Conference on Development Impact Fee Programs



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Development Impact Fee Programs

- Government Code Section 66000
- Cost Allocation Mechanism
- Equalizing Mechanism -"Proportional" Allocation
- Fees Typically paid at Building Permit Issuance

Purpose of Fee Program

- Fund Construction of Improvements built by Public Agency
- Provide a "proportional share" funding mechanism so all new development contributes on a "Fair Share" basis.
- Reimburse public agencies or developers who provide Advance Funding to construct projects early.

Alternative Fee Methodologies

 Capital Improvement Program for Facilities Serving New Development Approach

 Equity Buy-In, or Maintaining the Existing Service Level, Approach

Development Impact Fees and Funding Actual Construction

- Capital Improvement Program Cash Flow Planning
 - ◆ Identify Cash Flow Shortfalls.
- Implement Alternative Funding Sources
 - ◆ Debt Financing (CFDs, ADs, COPs)
 - Advance Funding and Reimbursement Agreements
 - ◆ Fee Credits/Reimbursements

Alternative Funding Sources

- Development Based Funds
 - Developer Cash Advances
 - Mello-Roos CFD
 - Assessment District
- Public Agency Funds
 - ◆ Inter-fund Transfers
 - ◆ Certificates of Participation

Agreements to Implement Financing Programs

- Advance Funding and Reimbursement Agreement for:
 - Planning entitlements
 - Environmental studies
 - Infrastructure planning

Agreements (cont.)

- Development Agreement land use entitlements and related obligations
- Acquisition Agreement for facilities acquired from bond proceeds
- Fee Credit and Reimbursement
 Agreement for fee-funded facilities

Fee Credits/Reimbursements

 Required when Developer is Constructing or Advance Funding "Fee Funded" Public Facilities.

Issued via Agreement with Public Agency

Fee Credit/Reimbursement Examples

				Reimbursements	
Item	"Fair Share" Cost	Creditable Construction Cost	Remaining Fees Due	Fee Credits < "Fair Share"	Reimbursement > "Fair Share"
Credits and Fees	\$2.0m	\$1.0m	\$1.0m	\$1.0m	\$0.0m
100% Credits	\$2.0m	\$2.0m	\$0.0m	\$2.0m	\$0.0m
Credits and Reimbursement	\$2.0m	\$3.0m	\$0.0m	\$2.0m	\$1.0m

- Engage Stakeholders early in the process
 - Justify Capital Program
 - ◆ Expect Peer Review
 - Make Sure Elected Officials Support "Policy Positions"
 - CIP, Credits/Reimbursements
- Allow Adequate Time to Implement Major Fee Changes
 - "No surprises"

- Provide Clear Documentation
 - Project Descriptions for Capital Projects
 - Cost Estimates for Capital Projects
 - Maps showing location of Projects
 - Land Use Assumptions
 - Basis of Cost Allocation Factors

- Provide Adequate Contingencies in Cost Estimates
 - Construction Cost
 - Land Use Don't use General Plan Buildout of Non-Residential
- Include Financing Costs for Items that are Debt Financed
- Include Administrative Costs of Fee Program

- Plan the Update Process
 - Annual Inflator select the proper index
 - Periodic Updates every 2 or 3 years
 - Updates cost more than establishing the Fee Program
 - Include Cost of Updates in the Fee

- Consider impact on the Feasibility of All Land Uses
 - ◆ Look at the Overall Infrastructure Cost Burden - All Facilities, All Agencies
 - ◆ Consider Special Land Uses Policies
 - Infill Development
 - Affordable Housing
 - Revitalization of Commercial Corridors

- Develop Clear and Flexible Reimbursement Policies
 - Payment for Construction Costs
 - Actual Cost or Schedule
 - Handling of Overs and Unders for Multiple Projects
 - ◆ Timing for Recognition of Credits
 - Completion/Acceptance of Facility
 - Or Adequate Security Provided

- Develop Clear and Flexible Reimbursement Policies (Cont.)
 - ◆ Reimbursement Priority
 - First In, First Out
 - Pro Rata to all parties
 - Set Aside for Facilities to be Built by Public Agency